MAR-AKI 2023

Total No. of Questions: 5]

P3785

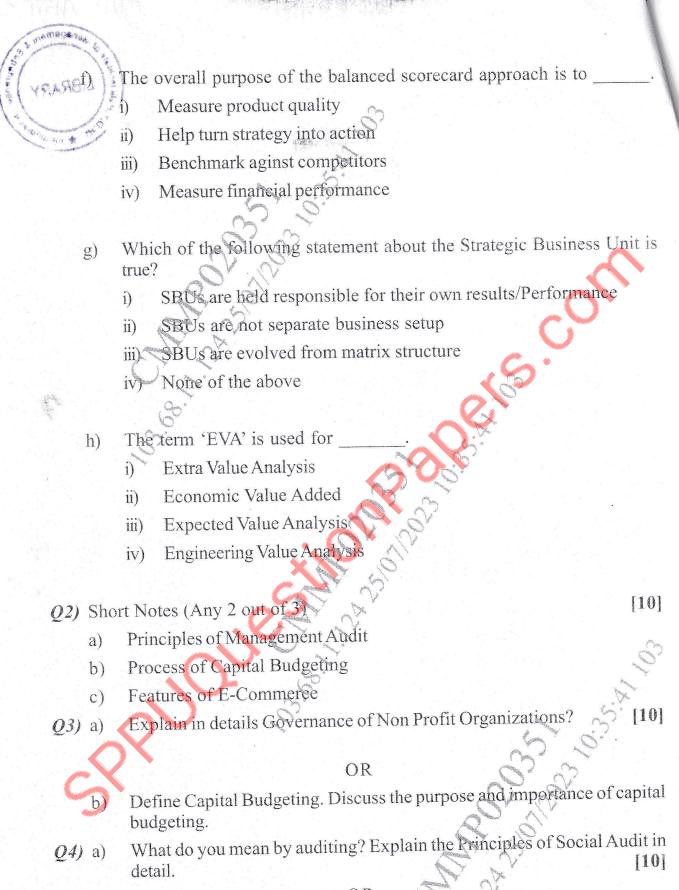
[6025][71 S.Y.M.B.A.



401-GC-14: ENTERPRISE PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT (2019 Pattern) (Semester - IV)

| Time: 2½ Hours] | | | | [Max. Marks: 50 | |
|--|--|---|--|----------------------------------|--|
| | | the candidates: | | | |
| 1) | | estions are compulsory. | | | |
| 2) | Eucn | question carries 10 Marks. | | | |
| | ~ | and the second | | .62 | |
| <i>Q1)</i> An | swer t | he following (Any 5 out of 8) | | [10] | |
| a) | Per | formance Management define | d | | |
| i) To comply with the requirements of HR | | | | | |
| | ii) | To develop punitive steps to | 111 | | |
| | iii) | To ensure all stakeholder req | A STATE OF THE STA | | |
| | iv) | None of the above | | | |
| b) | What is the term used to describe the value assigned to the goods services sold or rented from one unit of an organization to another? | | | | |
| | i) | Variable Cost | ii) | Fixed Cost | |
| | iii) | Transfer Pricing | iv) | None of the above | |
| c) | Which of the following is not an example of a responsibility center? | | | | |
| | i) | Investment Centre | ii) | Contribution center | |
| | iii) | Profit Centre | iv) | Revenue Centre | |
| d) | d) The method which does not consider investment profitability is | | | | |
| C | i) | Pay Back Period Method | ii) | ARR Method | |
| | 111) | NPV Method | iv) | IRR Method | |
| e) | Nor | Non-profit and government organizations (NPGOs) | | | |
| | i) | Do not measure success by f | inanc | ial measures | |
| | ii) | Success has to be measured benefits to constituents | d by | their effectiveness in providing | |
| | 111) | Are unable to use the BSC e | ffectiv | /e[3] | |

None of the above



OR

b) How ABC Analysis is Performance Evaluation Parameter for Retail? Explain the Classification of items into A,B and C Categories and performance measure of ABC analysis.

POR Company heavily decentralized. Division A has always acquired some components from Division B. However division B has intimated increase in its price to Es. 150/unit. Manager of Division A has opposed the same since similar product is available in outside market at Rs.120/unit. Division B has supported its price rise as it is bearing heavy depreciation charge on specialized Equipment they have bought specially for the component. Additional information is as follows:-

Total capacity of Division A-10,000 units p.a.

B's Variable costs - Rs. 100/unit

B's Fixed costs - Rs. 30/unit

You are required to advice -

- Suppose there is no alternate use of division B's capacity, Will the company as a whole benefit if A buys the component from outside at Rs 120/unit.?
- ii) Suppose outside market price of the component drops by Rs.30/unit, what would you suggest to the manager of division A?

b) An Enterpise wanted to give up the transfer price on cost plus 15% Return on Investment Basis Using following information related to its 'P' division for the year 2022-23.

i) Determine the transfer price for division P

- ii) If the volume and current assets are reduced by 10%. What will be the impact on transfer price?
- 1) Fixed Assets Rs. 15,00,000
- Current Assets Rs. 10,00,000
- 3) Debtors Rs.5,00,000
- 4) Annual fixed cost of the division Rs.15,00,000
- 5) Variable cost Rs.40/unit
- 6) Budgeted volume (units) 2,50,000

