Total N	[o. of Questions : 10] SEAT No. :		
P395	7 [Total No. of Pages : 2		
	[5253]-545		
T.E. (Information Technology) (Semester - I)			
OPERATING SYSTEM			
Ti	(2015 Pattern)		
	2½ Hours] [Max. Marks : 70 ctions to the candidates:		
instruction 1			
2			
3			
4			
Q1) a	What is a virtual machine? Explain the concept of virtualization. [5]		
b	Write a shell program to check if a given string is palindrome or not. [5]		
	OR		
Q2) a	State and explain multiprocessor thread scheduling approaches. [5]		
b			
	PCB. [5]		
Q 3) a			
b			
2 ()	OR		
Q4) a			
	i) sem_post() ii) sem wait()		
b			
U) List the requirements of mutual exclusion. [5]		
Q5) a	What are the common techniques for structuring the page table? Explain		
20) 4	at least three of the techniques. [10]		

For the following reference string. b) [8] 1,2,3,4,2,1,5,6,2,1,2,3,3,6

Count the number of page faults that occur with 3 frames using FIFO and LRU page replacement methods. Discuss the result.

<i>Q6)</i>	a)	Explain with the help of a neat diagram how TLB can be used to improve
		effective access time? [10]
	b)	Write a short note on: [8]
		i) Buddy system
		ii) Compaction
Q7)	a)	A disk drive has 200 cylinders, numbered 0-199. The drive is currently
		serving the request at cylinder 53. The queue of pending requests in
		FIFO order is 98, 183, 37, 122, 14, 124, 65, 67. Starting from the current
		head position what is the total distance that disk arm moves to satisfy all the pending requests for the following disk scheduling algorithms. [12]
		i) FCFS
		ii) SCAN
		iii) C-LOOK
		iv) SSTF
	b)	Explain in brief different I/O buffering techniques. [4]
		OR
Q8)	a)	List and explain in brief I/O performing techniques (at least three). [12]
	b)	Define following terms [4]
		i) Seek time
		ii) Rotational latency
		S. S.
Q9)	a)	Describe the steps for adding new system call in the Linux Kernel [8]
	b)	List and explain different inter-process communication mechanisms in
	•	Linux operating system. [8]
		OR
Q10)	Writ	e short note on following: [16]
	a)	Memory management in Linux
	b)	Linux file system
	c)	Linux IPC mechanisms
	d)	Process management in Linux
		OR e short note on following: Memory management in Linux Linux file system Linux IPC mechanisms Process management in Linux
		(A) (A) (A) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B