

Total No. of Questions : 4]

SEAT No. :

PD-284

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6411]-60

**B.E. (Electronics & Telecommunication Engineering) (Insem.)**

**FIBER OPTIC COMMUNICATION**

**(2019 Course) (Semester - VIII) (404190)**

*Time : 1 Hour]*

*[Max. Marks : 30*

*Instructions to the candidates :*

- 1) Answer Q. 1 or Q. 2, Q. 3 or Q. 4.
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4) Assume suitable data, if necessary.

**Q1) a)** Describe the following terms **[5]**

- i) Total internal reflection
- ii) Acceptance angle
- iii) Numerical aperture

**b)** Compare SMSI, MMSI and MMGI fibers. **[4]**

**c)** A step index fiber has a relative refractive index difference of 1.3% & a core refractive index of 1.5. The core diameter is 100  $\mu\text{m}$  and operating wavelength is 850nm. Assuming fiber is kept in air, calculate Numerical aperture of fiber, acceptance angle and critical angle. **[6]**

OR

**Q2) a)** Draw and explain optical fiber communication system showing all the key elements. Enlist the advantages of optical fibers as a communication media. **[5]**

**b)** Enlist losses in optical fiber and explain any three **[4]**

**c)** A multimode graded index fiber exhibits total pulse broadening of 0.1  $\mu\text{sec}$  over a distance of 15km. Calculate **[6]**

- i) Maximum possible bandwidth on the link
- ii) The pulse dispersion per unit length
- iii) The bandwidth-length product for the fiber

*P.T.O.*

- Q3)** a) Distinguish direct and indirect band-gap semiconductor materials. Also state the major requirements of good optical sources. [6]
- b) Explain the following terms w.r.t. LED [6]
- Spectral Width
  - Modulation Bandwidth
  - I-P characteristics
- c) Calculate the emission wavelength in nm of the light emitted using a semiconductor material with energy band-gap of 3eV. [3]

OR

- Q4)** a) Differentiate stimulated emission and spontaneous emission. [5]
- b) A double heterojunction InGaSP LED emitting at a peak wavelength of 1310 nm has radiative and non-radiative recombination times of 30 ns and 100 ns respectively. The drive current is 40 mA. Determine [6]
- Bulk recombination lifetime
  - The internal quantum efficiency
  - Internal Power level
- c) What do you understand about the term external quantum efficiency and internal quantum efficiency in the case of LED? [4]

