Total No. of Questions : 8]

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SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

T.E. (Electronics & Telecommunications) ELECTROMAGNETICS

(2015 Pattern) (Semester - I) (304183)

Time : 2.30 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer Q1 or Q2; Q3 or Q4; Q5 or Q6; Q7 or Q8.
- Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
 Figures to the right side indicate full marks.
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 Use of smith chart and calculator is allowed.
- 5) Assume suitable data if necessary.
- **Q1)** a) A point charge of 30 nC is located at the origin, while plane y = 3 carries charge 10nC/m². Find \overline{D} at (0, 4, 3). [7]
 - b) Derive an expression for capacitance of parallel plate capacitor. [6]
 - c) Define Biot-Savart's law. Derive the expression for magnetic field intensity due to straight infinite current filament. [7]
- **Q2)** a) Derive the expression of electric field intensity due to infinite sheet of charge with density $\rho_s C/m^2$. [7]

OR

- b) A 15nC point charge is at the origin in free space. Calculate V_1 at point $P_1(-2, 3, -1)$ if : (a) V = 0 at (6, 5, 4); (b) V = 0 at infinity. [6]
- c) Derive the boundary condition that exist between the two different magnetics materials. [7]
- **Q3)** a) What do you mean by displacement current. Prove that displacement current density is given by $\overline{J}_d = \frac{\partial \overline{D}}{\partial t}$. [8]
 - b) State Faradays Law. A circular loop lies in z = 0 plane has radius of 0.2m & resistance of 10 ohm. Find the current flowing through the conductor due to field $\overline{B} = 0.2 \sin 10^3 t \hat{a}_1$. [8]

OR

- Q4) a) State and explain Maxwell's equation for time varying field in integral and point form.
 - b) State and prove Poynting Theorem. State significance of Poynting vector. [8]

P.T.O.

- **Q5)** a) Derive the expression for characteristics impedance and propagation constant in term of primary constant of transmission line. [8]
 - A distortionless line has $z_0 = 60 \Omega$, $\alpha = 20 \text{ mNp/m}$, velocity of b) propagation = 0.6c, where C is the speed of light in a vaccum. Find R, L, G, C and λ at 100 MHz. [10]

OR

- **Q6)** a) Discuss the reflection of wave on shorted, open circuited and matched transmission line. [8]
 - A lossless transmission line with $z_0 = 75\Omega$ is 30m long and operates at b) 2MHz. The line is terminated with a load $Z_1 = 90 + j60 \Omega$. If u = 0.6c on the line, using Smith chart find [10]
 - Reflection coefficient i)
 - ii) Standing wave ratio
 - Input impedance iii)
 - iv) Load admittance
- What do you mean by uniform plane wave. Using Maxwell's equations **Q**7) a) in phasor notation, derive the expression for Helmholtz's equation in free space. [8]
 - A plane wave in a nonmagnetic medium has $\overline{E} = 50 \sin(10^8 + 2z)\hat{a}_y$ V/m. **b**) Find [8]
 - Direction of wave propagation i)
 - Wavelength, frequency ii)
 - iii) Magnetic field H

OR

- **08)** a) For uniform plane wave, explain the terms:
 - i) Depth of penetration.
 - ii) Polarization.
 - Given the intrinsic impedances : $\eta_1 = 100\Omega$ and $\eta_2 = 300\Omega$, the normal b) incident electric field $E_i = 100 \text{ mV/m}$, calculate : [8]
 - Reflection and transmission coefficient. i)
 - ii) Reflected and transmitted electric field \overline{E}
 - Reflected and transmitted magnetic field $\overline{\mathrm{H}}$ iii)

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