

Total No. of Questions : 4]

SEAT No. :

P-5385

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[6186]-511

S.E. (Electronics)/(E&Tc)/(Electronics & Computer Engg.) (Insem.)
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS - III
(2019 Pattern) (207005) (Semester-III)

Time : 1 Hour]

[Max. Marks : 30]

Instructions to the candidates :

- 1) Answer Q1 or Q2 and Q3 or Q4.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Use of non-programmable scientific calculator is allowed.
- 5) Assume suitable data, if necessary.

Q1) a) Solve any two

[10]

i) $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 4 \frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = 2\sin x + 3e^{-2x}$

ii) Solve by method of variation of parameters.

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = \sec x$$

iii) $x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 4x \frac{dy}{dx} + 6y = x^5$

b) $\frac{dx}{x^2 + y^2} = \frac{dy}{2xy} = \frac{dz}{(x+y)^3 z}$

[5]

OR

Q2) a) Solve any two.

[10]

i) $(D^2 - 20 + 1)y = xe^x \sin x$

ii) Solve by method of variation of parameters.

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - y = \frac{2}{1 + e^x}$$

iii) $(2x+3)^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2(2x+3) \frac{dy}{dx} - 12y = 6x$

P.T.O.

- b) An uncharged condenser of capacity C charged by applying an e.m.f. of value $E \sin \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}} t$ through the leads of inductance L and negligible resistance. The charge Q on the plate of condenser satisfies the differential equation $\frac{d^2Q}{dt^2} + \frac{Q}{LC} = \frac{E}{L} \sin \frac{t}{\sqrt{LC}}$ prove that the charge at any time t is given by $Q = \frac{Ec}{2} \left[\sin \frac{t}{LC} - \frac{t}{\sqrt{LC}} \cos \frac{t}{\sqrt{LC}} \right]$. [5]

Q3) a) Find Fourier cosine transform of [5]
 $f(x) = e^{-2x}, x > 0$

- b) Attempt any ONE [5]
i) Find z transform of $f(k) = 2^k \sin 3k, k \geq 0$.
ii) Find inverse z transform of

$$F(z) = \frac{1}{z-a}, |z| > |a|$$

- c) Solve the following difference equation [5]
 $f(k+2) - 4f(k) = 0, f(0)=0, f(1) = 2$
OR

Q4) a) Attempt any ONE [5]
i) Find Z transform of $f(k) = k5^k, k \geq 0$.

- ii) Find inverse z transform of $F(z) = \frac{z^2}{z^2+1}, |z| > 1$ by inversion integral method.

- b) Find Fourier transform of [5]

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & , |x| < a \\ 0 & , |x| > a \end{cases}$$

- c) Solve $\int_0^\infty f(x) \sin \lambda x dx = \begin{cases} 1 - \lambda, & 0 \leq \lambda \leq 1 \\ 0, & \lambda \geq 1 \end{cases}$ [5]

