[Total No. of Printed Pages—3

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S.E. (Electrical Engineering) (First Semester)

## **EXAMINATION**, 2018

## ANALOG AND DIGITAL ELECTRONICS

## (2015 PATTERN)

Time: Two Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

- N.B. :— (i) Solve question Nos. Q 1 or Q. 2, Q. 3 or Q. 4, Q. 5 or Q. 6, Q. 7 or Q. 8.
  - (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
  - (iii) Neat diagram must be drawn wherever necessary.
  - (iv) Use of calculator is allowed.
    - (v) Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. (a) Explain binary number in detail give the difference between binary number system and BCD. [6]
  - (b) Show the 8-bit subtraction of the following decimal numbers in 2's complement form: [6]
    - (i) +22, +17
    - (ii) +17, +22

2.	(a)	Simplify the following expression using K-map: [6]
		$f(A, B, C, D) = \Sigma m(1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 11, 14)$
	( <i>b</i> )	With the help of neat circuit diagram, explain the operation
		of ring counter. If the initial data loaded is $(0001)_2$ then draw
		timing diagram for the same. [6]
3.	(a)	Design and explain the operation of MOD 10 asynchronous
		counter with timing diagram. [7]
	( <i>b</i> )	Explain the working of JK flip-flop with trurh table. [6]
		Or
4.	(a)	Explain the difference between fixed and variable regulator.
		Explain with suitable circuit diagram, how IC-317 can act as
		variable voltage regulator. Also derive formula for variable voltage
		available at the output of IC LM 317 in terms of circuit parameters.
		[7]
	( <i>b</i> )	Draw neat diagram and explain IC 555 as Astable multivibrator.
		[6]
<b>5</b> .	(a)	Explain with neat connection diagram first order low pass filter.
		Also explain its frequency response. [6]
	( <i>b</i> )	Draw neat diagram and explain direct coupled amplifier. Give
		its applications. [6]

- Draw and explain transfer characteristics and drain characteristics 6. (a) of FET. [6]
  - Explain Push pull amplifier with waveforms, applications. [6] (*b*)
- Discuss relative merits and demerits of R-C coupled, Transformer 7. (a) coupled and direct coupled multistage amplifiers. Draw their frequency response curve. [6]
  - With the help of circuit diagram and relevant waveforms explain (*b*) the operation of single-phase full wave bridge rectifier with resistive load. [7]

- A 220V, 50Hz AC voltage is applied to the primary of 4:1 8. (a) step down transformer, which is used in bridge rectifier, having a load resistance of 1 K ohm. Assuming the diode to be an ideal, determine the following: DC output voltage, DC output current and DC power delivered to the load. A single-phase half wave uncontrolled rectifier is connected to an RL load.
  - in for (*b*) Draw diagram and derive an expression for the Idc, Vdc.

[7]

[6]