Total N	0. 0	f Que	stions : 6]	SEAT No.:				
P71			Oct./TE/Insem 190	[Total No. of Pa	ges: 2			
			T.E. (Computer)					
COMPUTER NETWORKS								
			(2015 Course) (Semester -	· I)				
Time : 1		-		[Max. Mar	rks:30			
			he candidates:					
1) 2)			iagrams must be drawn wherever necessary. s to the right side indicate full marks.					
3)			Calculator is allowed.	Co	•			
4)		-/	suitable data, if necessary.	9				
Q 1) a	ı)	Dray	TCP/IP reference model and Write fun	ction of each layer.	[6]			
t) (For t	he bit sequence 10000101111 draw the i	vaveform for	[4]			
		i)	Manchester Encoding					
		ii)	Differential Manchester Encoding OR					
Q2) a	ı)	Expl	ain in brief: FHSS and DSSS.		[4]			
t)	Wha	t are different types of topology? Explai	n any one.	[6]			
				\sim				
Q3) a	a) 🔻	Expl	ain in detail working of PPP with state to	ransition diagram?	[6]			
ŀ)	Give	on the dataword 1001000 and divisor 101	1	[4]			
		i)	Show the generation of the codeword binary division)	at the sender's site ((using			
,		ii)	Show the checking of the codeword at t error)	he reciver site (Assur	me no			
			OR Section 16					
			\sim					

P.T.O.

Q4)	a)	Compare and contrast the Go-Back N ARQ protocol with Selective-Repeat ARQ. [6]	
	b)	In a Stop-and-Wait system, the bandwidth of the line is 1 Mbps, and 1 bit takes 20 milliseconds to make a round trip. What is the bandwidth-delay product? If the system data packets are 1,000 bits in length, what is the utilization percentage of the link? [4]	
Q5)	a)	Draw 802.11 frame format and explain addressing mechanism in detail.[6]	
	b)	Measurement of a slotted ALOHA channel with an infinite number of users show that 10 percent of the slots are idle: [4]	
		i) What is the channel load?	
		ii) What is the throughput?	
		iii) Is the channel underload or overloaded? OR	
Q6)	a)	Explain MAC sublayer (DCF) in wireless LAN. [4]	
	b)	Explain CSMA/CD flowchart [4]	
	c)	What are common implementations of Fast Ethernet (100 Mbps) [2]	

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