Seat	
No.	3)

[5559]-102

S.E. (Civil) (I Sem.) EXAMINATION, 2019

STRENGTH OF MATERIAL

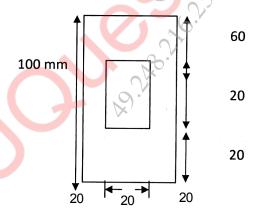
(2015 **PATTERN**)

Time: Two Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

Instructions: 1) Answer Q.1 or Q.2, Q.3 or Q.4, Q.5 or Q.6, Q.7 or Q.8

- 2) Neat Sketches must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the **right** indicate full marks.
- 4) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- 5) Use of electronic pocket calculator is allowed.
 - 6) Use of cell phone is prohibited in the examinationhall.
- 1. a)A steel wire of length 600 mm is subjected to an axial pull of 10kN. Find the minimum diameter so that stress is not to exceed 75 Mpa. Also calculate the elongation if E=100Gpa. [06]
- b) Maximum bending moment of simply supported beam is 25 kNm. The cross section of the beam is as shown in Fig. Find the maximum bending stress in tension and compression. [06]

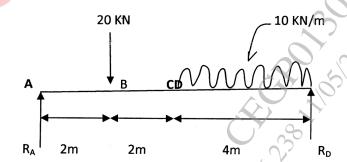


2. a)The concrete column is reinforced with six steel bars each of 22mm diameter .Knowing that rod is initially unstressed, determine normal stresses developed in steel and concrete.

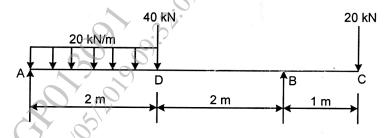
Assume $E_{concrete}$ =13.34 Gpa, E_{steel} =200 Gpa and $\alpha_{concrete}$ =5.2X10⁻⁶/°C, α_{ctocl} =12X10⁻⁶/°C. Assume column size =300X300 mm t=40° [06]

 α_{steel} =12X10⁻⁶/ 0 C. Assume column size =300X300 mm,t=40 0 .[06]

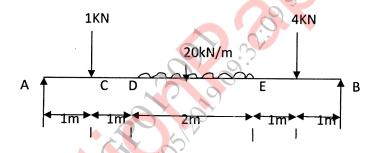
- **b)** A simply supported beam carries a uniformly distributed load of 30N/mm over the entire span of 1m.The cross section of the beam is a T section, with it's top flange of 125X25 mm and web of 175X25 mm .Obtain the maximum shear stress and plot shear stress distribution.[**06**]
- Q.3(a) A hollow shaft of 25mm outside diameter and 20mm inside diameter is subjected to a torque of 120Nm. Find the stress at outside and inside diameter of the shaft. [06]
- (b) An element in a strained body is subjected to a tensile stress of 180 Mpa and shear stress of 50Mpa tending to rotate the element in a anticlockwise direction. Find[07]
- (i) the magnitude of the normal and shear stresses on a section inclined at 400 with the tensile stress.
- (ii) the magnitude and direction of maximum shear stress that can exist on the element.
- Q4 a)A shaft of 100 mm diameter transmit 200 kW power at 200 rpm At a section, bending moment is 5 KNm. Find the principle stresses, maximum shear stress and principle plane.[06]
- b) A hollow shaft with ratio of internal diameter to external diameter 3/5 is required to transmit 450 kW at 120rpm with a uniform twisting moment. The shearing stress in the shaft must not exceed 80k N/mm2 and the twist in a length of 3 m must not exceed 10. Taking G=8X104 N/mm2, Determine the minimum external diameter of the shaft satisfying above two conditions. [07]
- Q 5 a) Draw shear force and bending moment diagram for beam loaded as shown in Fig.[06]



b) Draw shear force and bending moment diagrams for an overhanging beam as shown in fig.2. Clearly indicate the point of contraflexure.[07]

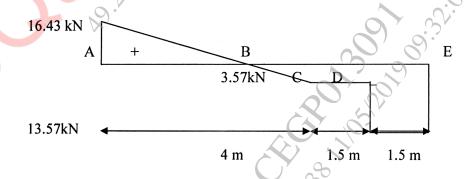


Q 6 a)Draw the shear force and bending moment diagram for the beam shown in Fig. Mark the position of the maximum bending moment and determine its value.[06]



b) Draw the bending moment diagram and loading diagram from given shear force

diagram

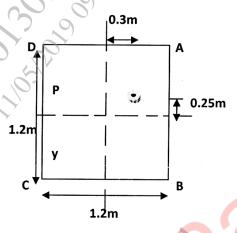


P.T.O.

Q 7 a) A steel rod 6m long and 72 mm diameter is used as a column one end fixed and other free. Find crippling load by Euler's formula. Take E= 200 Gpa

[06]

b)A column 1.2mX1.2m is subjected to an eccentric load 600kN as shown in fig. Find the stresses at the corner A,B, C and D. Draw stress distribution diagram. [06]



Q 8 a) Determine the crippling load for a hollow rectangular cast iron column of outer diamensions 200mmX150mm,thickness of metal 25mm,actual height of column 6m with both ends fixed. Consider E=180 Gpa. [06]

b) A masonry pier 3mX4m supports a vertical load of 600kN at appoint shown in the Fig. Find the stresses at the corners of the piers. Y [06]

